Interest Income Reporting for Marketable Treasury Securities

BACKGROUND

Like they say, taxes are a certainty, and it’s no different for marketable Treasury securities. But only Federal tax applies; your Treasury securities are exempt from state and local income taxes.

The Bureau of the Fiscal Service administers a direct-access marketable securities program for investors. Marketable securities can be held in TreasuryDirect® or Legacy Treasury Direct®. TreasuryDirect, the centerpiece of our program, is an online system that allows the greatest flexibility in buying and maintaining U.S. Treasury securities—bills, notes, bonds, and TIPS—as well as our non-marketable savings bonds. Legacy Treasury Direct, the predecessor to TreasuryDirect, is being phased out. Purchases and reinvestments are no longer available in that system and securities cannot be transferred into the system.

INTEREST INCOME: WHAT WE REPORT TO THE IRS

We report annually to you and the IRS all interest earned on Treasury notes and bonds. Specifically, we provide:

- A 1099–INT reporting the total amount of interest earned and the amount withheld and paid to the IRS for the previous calendar year. **Note:** It’s reported using the taxpayer identification number (TIN) of the first-named owner. If the interest includes amounts that belong to someone else (other than a spouse), see IRS Publication 550, “Investment Income and Expenses.”

- A 1099–OID reporting the total amount of original issue discount on TIPS (see Original Issue Discount [OID] and TIPS).

- A 1099–B, also known as a Proceeds from Broker and Barter Exchange, for notes and bonds that have matured while held in our systems and that were:
  - transferred into TreasuryDirect from the commercial book-entry system or from Legacy Treasury Direct.
  - transferred from one TreasuryDirect account to another.
  - transferred into Legacy Treasury Direct from the commercial book-entry system or from TreasuryDirect.
  - transferred from one Legacy Treasury Direct account to another.

- We provide the 1099–B by January 31 of the year following the date of maturity.

BROKER REPORTING

Sometimes customers use a broker to buy Treasury securities and then transfer them into their TreasuryDirect accounts. When this happens, brokers are required to report any interest income while the security was held in their system. Likewise, we’re required to report any interest income while it’s held in our system. For this reason, it is possible for customers to get more than one 1099 for the same security.

YOUR 1099 FORMS

- You’ll receive your 1099 forms differently, depending on which system you have invested through.
- If you invest in TreasuryDirect, your 1099 will be available electronically and you can print the form from your account. 1099 forms are available by January 31 of each tax year.
- If you invest in Legacy Treasury Direct, each year you’ll receive a 1099 during January (1042-S during March if you’re a foreign investor) showing the interest you’ve earned.
- If you have registered securities, you’ll receive your 1099 through the mail in January.

Duplicate Forms. If you need a duplicate 1099, here’s what to do for each of our securities programs:

- **TreasuryDirect.** Simply access your account and print them again.
- **Legacy Treasury Direct.** For a duplicate form for the current tax year, call 844-284-2676 (toll free) and speak with a customer service representative. (If you’re outside United States, call +1-304-480-6464.)
- **Definitive Registered Securities.** Write to us at the Treasury Retail Securities Site, PO Box 9150, Minneapolis, MN, 55480-9150.
- **Semantically Registered Securities.** Mail in January.

If you have registered securities, you’ll receive your 1099 through the mail in January.

INTEREST ON TREASURY BILLS

Treasury bills are short-term investment issues with maturities not exceeding one year. You buy bills at a discount from their face (par) value, and the difference between what you originally paid and what we pay you at maturity (or what you get if you sell the bill before it matures) is your interest. You don’t get interest payments during the life of the bill.

**Take note:** Interest from your bill is reportable in the year you sell it or it matures, which is not necessarily the year you bought it!

For example, if you bought a 26-week bill in October 2004, it matured in April 2005. The interest is reported as earned in 2005—the year the bill matures.

INTEREST ON TREASURY NOTES and BONDS

Treasury notes and bonds pay interest every six months until they mature. We report the interest for the year earned. This includes December 31 payments unless that payment date is a non-business day (Saturday, Sunday, or a Federal banking holiday). In that case, we report it as being paid in the next tax year.

DISCOUNT ON TREASURY NOTES

When the purchase price of a Treasury note is less than its face value, the difference is called a discount. Discounts may or may not be reportable, depending on how much is involved. Refer to IRS Publication 550, under “U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds.”
ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT (OID) and TIPS
If you’re a U.S. citizen, not only do you get a Form 1099–INT for any TIPS you own, you also get a Form 1099–OID reporting how much your TIPS increased because of inflation. Even though you never physically received the money reported as OID income, the IRS requires us to report the increased value of the security as income.

If you see a negative amount on your Form 1099–OID, it means the inflation rate dropped after you bought your TIPS, which dropped the value of the security below what you paid for it (or below what it was during the last tax year). We report negative OID amounts only to investors, not to the IRS. (But remember, you’ll never lose your original investment amount when you buy TIPS.)

If you get two 1099–INT forms—one from us and one from your broker, it’s probably because either, one, you transferred TIPS from Legacy Treasury Direct to the broker, or, two, you transferred TIPS from a broker to TreasuryDirect or vice versa. Just like us, your broker must report the amount of OID you earned while it was maintained in their system. If you’re a foreign investor, you’ll get a 1099–INT at maturity for any TIPS you hold.

SECURITY TRANSFER
The purchase price used for bills transferred into TreasuryDirect is shown on the transfer instructions. Once your security has been transferred, review the Security History >> Detail for each security transferred into your TreasuryDirect account to verify the “Price per $100,” if the price shown is wrong, send documentation showing the correct price to Treasury Retail Securities Site, PO Box 7015, Minneapolis, MN, 55480-7015. We must receive this documentation at least 10 business days before the security matures. That way you can be sure the correct price will be on your appropriate 1099–INT. Otherwise, you’ll have to explain differences to the IRS when filing your tax return.

The interest income reported on notes and bonds transferred into TreasuryDirect is for the entire interest period, even if the transfer occurred between interest payment dates. See IRS Publication 550, under “Bonds Sold between Interest Dates,” for securities transferred into TreasuryDirect between interest payment dates.

PREMIUMS
A premium is the amount by which the auction price of a note is higher than its face value. If you pay the auction price by check, you’ll receive an invoice for the difference. See IRS Publication 550, under “Bond Premium Amortization.”

BACKUP WITHHOLDING
Payments you receive may be subject to backup withholding if:

• you don’t provide a valid TIN
• you don’t certify that you are not subject to backup withholding
• we are notified by IRS that you are subject to backup withholding due to under-reported interest income, or
• IRS tells us the TIN you provided is wrong.

We report any backup withholding on Form 1099–INT under “Federal Income Tax Withheld.” Include that amount on your tax return as tax withheld.

The information in this publication does not apply to U.S. Savings Bonds.

VOLUNTARY WITHHOLDING
We can help you plan for your taxes, too. Treasury can withhold some of your interest payments to help defray your tax burden. We’ll transfer your withholdings to the IRS and report the withheld amount on Form 1099–INT under “Federal Income Tax Withheld.”

TreasuryDirect. Simply access your account and schedule the percentage you want withheld.

Legacy Treasury Direct. Call 844-284-2676 (toll free) and furnish your Legacy Treasury Direct account number, taxpayer identification number, and the percentage you want withheld.

Definitive Registered Securities. Write to us at the Department of the Treasury, Bureau of the Fiscal Service, PO Box 426, Parkersburg, WV 26106-0426 and furnish us your taxpayer identification number and the percentage you want withheld from your definitive registered account.

FOREIGN REPORTING
We use IRS Form 1042-S to report income earned by nonresident alien individuals or fiduciaries, foreign partnerships, or foreign corporations. We mail it by March 15, the year after the income is earned.

FOREIGN WITHHOLDING
Securities issued on or after July 19, 1984, are not subject to withholding if you’ve filed a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8ECI with us. (Generally, these forms are valid for three years.) Securities issued before July 19, 1984, are subject to withholding of 30 percent or the applicable treaty rate.

WHERE TO SUBMIT CORRESPONDENCE
Send documents and forms to the appropriate address below.

For TreasuryDirect:
Treasury Retail Securities Site
PO Box 7015, Minneapolis, MN, 55480-7015

For Definitive Registered Securities:
Treasury Retail Securities Site
PO Box 9150, Minneapolis, MN, 55480-9150

For Legacy Treasury Direct:
Treasury Retail Securities Site
PO Box 9150, Minneapolis, MN, 55480-9150

For more information or questions, call us at 844-284-2676 (toll free). Outside the U.S. call +1-304-480-6464. These publications may also be helpful:

• For more information on tax treatment of investment income, see IRS Publication 550, “Investment Income and Expenses.”
• For more information on backup withholding, see IRS Publication 550, “Investment Income and Expenses,” and Form W-9, “Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification.”
• For more information about foreign withholding, see IRS Publication S15, “Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations,” and Forms W-8BEN and W-8ECI.
• For general tax information, contact your local IRS office. You can get IRS forms and publications from their website at www.irs.gov or from the IRS distribution center for your state.